



CORINTH

Corinth Civil War Trail

GUIDELINES for



Trail routes do not indicate a level of safety. As a bicyclist/hiker, know traffic laws and ride/hike in a safe manner. You are ultimately responsible for operating your bike under all conditions. Hikers/bikers must be prepared to share the trail with multiple users including vehicular traffic. You are ultimately responsible for your own safety.

Corinth Area RV and Tent Camping

Corinth RV Park - CR 604, Corinth
Full RV hook-ups and tent sites.
(662) 284-0115 or (662) 287-8223

Crossroads Arena - Harper Rd. & US 45, Corinth
Full RV hook-ups and tent sites. (662) 287-7779

Little Creek Ranch - 181 CR 345, Glen
Full RV hook-ups and tent sites. (662) 287-0362

Jacinto Courthouse - MS 356, Jacinto
RV hook-ups (662) 286-8662

J.P. Coleman State Park - MS 25 N, Iuka
RV hook-ups and tent sites. (662) 423-6515

Tishomingo State Park - MS 25 S, Iuka
RV hook-ups and tent sites. (662) 438-6914

Bicycle Shop

JB Outdoors - Bicycle sales & service (662) 287-5650

Lodging & Dining

For detailed Lodging and Dining information, contact Corinth Area Tourism at (662) 287-8300 or visit the website at www.corinth.net



Corinth Area Convention & Visitors Bureau
215 N. Fillmore St.
Corinth, MS 38834
662-287-8300
1-800-748-9048
tourism@corinth.net



Civil War Trail Sites

1. Corinth Civil War Interpretive Center at Battery Robinett. This National Park Service Visitors Center is a unique experience of informative exhibits, two films and a interpretive courtyard water display. The Interpretive Center is located at the site of Battery Robinett, an earthen redoubt which was a key position in the fighting on October 4, 1862. Open daily 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Closed Christmas. Free admission.

(662) 287-9273

2. Trailhead Park. The strategic crossing of the historic Memphis & Charleston and Mobile & Ohio Railroads was extremely important to both the Confederacy and the Union since this was the only crossing of two standard-gauge railroads in the Confederacy.

3. Crossroads Museum. The museum exhibits Civil War artifacts and 20th century memorabilia. 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Sunday. Closed Mondays and major holidays.

(662) 287-3120

4. Corinth National Cemetery. This is the final resting place for 1,793 known and 3,895 unknown Civil War soldiers representing 273 regiments from 15 states.

5. Corinth Contraband Camp. This is the site of the model camp established for runaway slaves. As many as 6,000 people were thought to have resided here at its peak.

6. Fish Pond House. This home served as headquarters to Confederate Generals P.G.T. Beauregard and John Breckinridge.

7. Union Siege Line (May 3, 1862). This section of earthworks was used until May 17th when the next line was constructed.

8. Farmington Baptist Church. Skirmishes were fought in this area between May 10 and May 22, 1862. Several Confederate soldiers are buried in the cemetery.

9. Union Siege Line (May 17, 1862). This line was manned by Union troops until the 28th of May.

10. Union Siege Line (May 19, 1862). Used for one week. this line was abandoned and moved forward on the 28th

11. Union Siege Line (May 28, 1862). This line was used until the siege ended on May 30th.

12. Beauregard Line. This site is part of 7 1/2 miles of Confederate earthworks constructed prior to and during the Siege of Corinth. They were later used as a defensive line by Union troops during the October 1862 Battle of Corinth.

13. Battery Powell. This is the site of a Federal Battery that was briefly overrun by Confederate troops during the Battle of Corinth, October 4, 1862.

14. Oak Home. This home served as the headquarters for Confederate Gen. Leonidas Polk.

15. Rose Cottage. The home once at this location served as headquarters for Confederate Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston.

16. Verandah House. Built in 1857, the home served as headquarters for Confederate Generals Braxton Bragg, Earl Van Dorn, and John Bell Hood, and Union Gen. Halleck.

17. Mitchell House. The home which served as headquarters to Union Generals Ulysses S. Grant, Grenville Dodge and Confederate Gen. James Chalmers, was located on this site.

18. Duncan House. This home served as headquarters to Confederate Generals P.G.T. Beauregard and John Breckinridge and Union Gen W.S. Rosecrans.

19. Corona College. Built in 1857, this school for young southern ladies served as a hospital for both sides during the war.

20. Federal Redan. The earthen fort which guarded the road from Kossuth was located at this site.

21. Battery F. One of six forts built by the Union Army comprising the "Halleck Line," this battery witnessed heavy fighting on October 3, 1862.

Sites & Information

A. Alcorn County Courthouse. Built in 1917, it is the seat of government for Alcorn County. There are two Civil War related monuments on the grounds.

B. Corinth Area Convention & Visitors Bureau. Information is offered for Corinth, Alcorn County and other surrounding areas.

8: a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Mon.-Fri. Closed major holidays. (662) 287-8300 or (800) 748-9048.

Corinth Civil War Trail



PLEASE NOTE: Corinth street markers can be difficult to see. There are two different types of signs as shown above.